ABSTRACT

THE ROLES OF VILLAGE REPRESENTATIVE BOARD IN DRAFTING PARTICIPATIVE VILLAGE REGULATIONS IN EAST LAMPUNG DISTRICT

By

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The objective of this research was to find out why the Village Representative Board (BPD) was not yet able to draft participative village regulations in East Lampung district. This was a qualitative research with normative and empirical jurisdiction approaches with literary study, statute approach, case approach and historical approach. Data were collected with literary study. The results showed that the role of Village Representative Board (BPD) in drafting village regulation has been exercised in participative way but not optimal because some factors. The village regulation should be drafted by BPD, but the village regulation was initiated and drafted by Head of Village. BPD lack of knowledge related to their tasks and functions in village legislation, mechanism and process of making participative village regulation, and BPD was less optimal in making synergy with public related to participative village regulation making. The rights of public in Bojong village has been participative in making village regulation but not optimal as it was regulated Article 96 of Act number 12 in 2011 about legislation related to public participation rights. The making of village regulation in Bojong so far was conducted with village public deliberation by public figures as public representatives of each sub villages to deliver public aspiration in making village regulation in Bojong village. Interview results with chairman of BPD in Bojong village suggested that village deliberation in making village regulation was only a formality, because majority of participants such as public figures, religion figures, youth figures, and members of BPD almost always agreed with any draft of village regulation proposed by village government.

Keywords: Village Representative Board (BPD), village regulation, participative