

ABSTRACT

ANALYSIS OF ECONOMIC GROWTH POTENTIAL IN DISTRICT PRINGSEWU (MODEL APPROACH ECONOMIC BASIS)

By

Mizan Bukhori

This study aims to determine the potential areas which have great impact on economic growth in the District Pringsewu during 2008 to 2013, and the contribution of the potential sectors for economic growth in the region.

This study uses data Gross Regional Domestic Product (GDP) and Lampung Regency Pringsewu 2008 to 2013. Data were obtained from secondary data, the use of data already available to the relevant agencies. In this thesis used a model economic base reflected in the Location Quotient (LQ) equipped Shift Share analysis, which is useful to know the leading sectors in the District Pringsewu.

Based on research results using Location Quotient, a sector that has LQ is greater than one and a sector economic base is agriculture with LQ average of 1.02, then electricity, gas and water supply by LQ average of 1.56, LQ construction sector with an average of 1.71, the trade, hotels and restaurants with LQ average of 1.42, and the services sector with LQ average of 1.31.

Results of the analysis method using the components of growth Shift Share differential (D_j) shows that there are two sectors with average positive D_j , ie the building sector with an average value D_j of 8.245,10; and the services sector with an average value of 42.392,83, it indicates that the two sectors are growing faster than the same economic sector Lampung province so that the two sectors have high competitiveness and potential to be developed for District Pringsewu economic growth, while proportional growth component (P_j) shows that there are three sectors that have an average value of positives are manufacturing, trade, hotels and restaurants, as well as the transport and communications sector, this means Pringsewu Regency specializes in the same sector with the fastest growing sectors in the economy of the province of Lampung.

Keywords: Potential Economic Growth, Economic Base