

ABSTRACT

THE COMPARISON BETWEEN FAMILY PLANNING IMPLEMENTATION IN DECENTRALIZATION ERA IN CENTRAL LAMPUNG REGENCY AND WEST LAMPUNG REGENCY

Population Growth Rate control through Birth rate control using family planning program has run since decentralization era. It becomes local government authority. This results different implementation in each regency.

This research aimed to know, to analyze, and to evaluate the implementation and the result of family planning implementation in Central Lampung Regency and West Lampung Regency.

This research used descriptive qualitative analysis, while data collecting techniques were documentation and interview.

The research results showed that family planning policy and implementation in Central Lampung Regency and in West Lampung Regency were 1) the institution run family planning program has been in form of Network in Central Lampung Regency since early autonomy era, while the institution run family planning program has been in form of Network in West Lampung Regency since 2010, 2) Family Planning Field Officer (FPFO) in Central Lampung Regency commonly managed 2 – 3 villages, while FPFO in West Lampung Regency commonly managed 7 – 8 villages, 3) Central Lampung Regency birth rate was 2.5 per fertile woman, and family planning involvement was 64.4% per fertile couple. Meanwhile West Lampung Regency birth rate was 2.78 per fertile woman, and family planning involvement was 67.6% per fertile couple. family planning involvement in West Lampung Regency was higher than in Central Lampung Regency.

The researcher suggests the institution managed family planning program to focus in mapping the family planning priority area, and to improve FPFO quality and quantity.

Keywords: Decentralization and Policy.