CHAPTER I
INTRODUCTION

1.1 Object

1.1.1 History of the Company

Telkom Co. Ltd is one of the biggest telecommunication companies in Indonesia, which gives services of communication for community. At first, it was called Post En Telegraftdienst which is established in 1884 with staablad number 52, and then it became Post Telegraft En Telefoon diest (PTT) in 1906 with staablad number 395 which called PTT Dienst. Based on IBW (Indische Bedrijven Wet), PTT Dienst was appointed as State Company in 1931.

In 1960, the government issued a government rule about requirement to be a state owned company, this rule was substitution of former rule number 19 year 1960. PTT Dienst has gotten requirements to become a state owned company with PERPU number 240, year 1961. Finally, it was changed to Post and Telecommunication. Post and Telecommunication have developed rapidly. Therefore, the government did re-observation that resulted in regulation (PP) number 29 and 30 year 1965, which is divided to two parts namely Post and Telecommunication. April 28th 1970, based on the Minister of Communication decree number 129, year 1970,
Telecommunication was changed into Telecommunication Public Company. Based on the government decree number 36 year 1974, Telecommunication Public Company was appointed by government as an authorized company to manage telecommunication installation for domestic and international public.

The government decree number 58 year 1980 explains that the government has bought all shares of Indosat Co. Ltd. Then, to increase telecommunication service for public, the government decree number 22 year 1974 was changed to number 53 year 1980, which authorized Telecommunication Public Company as Company to manage domestic telecommunication installation domestic, and the relationship of foreign telecommunication which was organized by Indosat. Based on government rule number 25, year 1991, Perusahaan Umum (PERUM) is changed to Perusahaan Perseroan (PERSERO) as means in the regulation number 1989 and becomes Telkom Co. Ltd.

Telkom Co. Ltd is a company which moves in business of information and communication (Infocom) and the biggest network provider in Indonesia. Telkom Co. Ltd supplies the fixed wire line, fixed wireless, mobile service, data internet, and other multimedia services.

1.1.2 Organization of the Institution

Organization is grouping of activities and delivering those to departments or parts which are head by manager (Koontz and O’Donnell:1986).
Organization structure is very important in each department to reach the goals that have been determined.

On July 1st 1995, the infrastructure organization of Telkom Co.Ltd has changed. The company was divided into several branches, called as Telecommunication Business Area (WITEL). Telkom Co.Ltd has seven region divisions, they are:

1. **Regional Division I**
   Regional Division I covers all areas in Sumatra, the central office is located in Medan.

2. **Regional Division II**
   Regional Division II covers all areas in Jabotabek (Jakarta, Bogor, Tangerang, Bekasi), the central office is located in Jakarta.

3. **Regional Division III**
   Regional Division III covers all areas in West Java and Banten, the central office is located in Bandung.

4. **Regional Division IV**
   Regional Division IV all areas in Yogyakarta and Central Java, the central office is located in Yogyakarta.

5. **Regional Division V**
   Regional Division V covers all areas in East Java, the central office is located in Surabaya.
6. **Regional Division VI**

   Regional Division VI covers all areas in Kalimantan, the central office is located in Balikpapan.

7. **Regional Division VI**

   Regional Division VI covers all areas in the East Region of Indonesia (Sulawesi, Bali, Nusa Tenggara, and Papua), the central office is located in Makasar.

   Each regional division has the office of telecommunication service area (Kandatel) Lampung also has it as the part of Sumatra regional division (Divre 1) which provides telecommunication network. To manage the organization, Kandatel Lampung is led by General Manager who has responsible with the achievement of business aim which is hold through Kandatel operation. General Manager is also helped by Deputy of General Manager. Kandatel Lampung also has 7 units which are led by a manager in each division whose responsibilities are:

1. **Business Performance Manager**
   - To manage Kandatel performance management
   - To manage, prepare, complete, and maintain every operation procedure
   - To manage the effort of avoiding the fraud
   - To manage the quality of management
   - Doing supervision and monitoring of the cooperation realization
2. Access Network Maintenance Manager
   - To arrange the network access maintenance plan
   - To maintain, updating and entering network access data
   - To do the testing, measuring and physical checking of network access
   - To do the operation security with the physical improvement
   - To maintain access facilities

3. Access Network Operation Manager
   - To do access operation (new installation, mutation, disruption of telephone) and to service the corporate customer
   - To do access operation (new installation, mutation, disruption of telephone) to service the personal customer and public access
   - To do W-Lan operation and public service access
   - To do the operation of service access interface Mgt and QoS access and technical support for the access operation service.

4. Customer Care Manager
   - To handle the problem, resolving, customer problem, tracking, managing, customer complaint and customer problem, monitoring, controlling, evaluating the service quality (QoS) and SLA management
   - To realize of customer loyalty and retention program to cluster-4 and Wartel, and help desk to personal customer
   - To do the activity of supporting service and partner of distribution channel (Plaza, Flexi centre, Wartel/net, outlet, Authorized dealer)
To manage data

5. Fixed Phone Sales Manager
   - To promote the program
   - To sell the fixed phone product
   - To spread and canvassing outlet
   - To make micro demand and customer profiling
   - To manage the card distribution
   - To Monitor, facilitate, and build sales force

6. Data and Value Added Service Sales Manager
   - To promote the program
   - To sell the data and VAS product
   - To make micro demand and customer profiling
   - To Monitor, facilitate, and build sales force

7. General Support Manager
   - To manage the logistics management process
   - To manage internal support, safety and security
   - To manage the community development and financial matter

1.1.3 **Vision, Mission, and Strategy**

a. **Vision and Mission**

Vision and Mission are the important things in a company. Telkom Co.Ltd has become one of the solid communication companies with its Vision and Mission. They are:
Vision

The Vision of Telecommunication, Co. Ltd is:

To become a leading info-com player in region.

Telkom Co.Ltd has a goal to place itself as the infocom company in the financial sector, market and operation in Asia.

Mission

1. To provide One Stop InfoCom Service with Excellent Quality and Competitive.

2. To be the Role Modal as the Best Managed Indonesian Corporation.
   Telkom Co.Ltd commits to give the best services and quality in giving the easy for the customer with competitive price. In managing the business, Telkom has the best ways based on the International standard which concerns to the superiority of the company.

b. The Strategies of the Institution

Telkom Co.Ltd has some strategies to make its business better, they are:

1. Multi Service Bundling
   To build a better info-com business, Telkom Co.Ltd must provide full integrated service to its customer. The customer would not only recognize Telkom Co.Ltd as just merely fixed telephone provider, but also as full range multimedia network service in one package.
2. Service Excellent

PT Telkom must give service excellent to its customers, because they face competitive era. Good quality of products and services such as, delivery, price, and sales support are major focuses of all units in Telkom Co.Ltd.

3. Build Business Scale

To build wide-scale business, it is important for Telkom Co.Ltd as a well-known national company. Telkom Co.Ltd needs a strong central policy and public known products and service which are implemented widely in the region. It will create a big business scale of Telkom Co.Ltd and give strong entry barrier to its competitor.

4. Strong Financial Growth

Company potential growth is key point of company to grow and become sustainability.

1.1.4 The Products and Services of the Institution

Telkom has so many kinds of products and services which can be used by its customer namely:

1. Telephone (fixed line)

Local telephone is a telephone service inter customer in distance under 30 km or in one local area.
2. Telkom SLI/Telkom International Call 007

Telkom SLI is an international direct dialing where the customers are in different country. To do the international call, the customers use the country code.

3. Telkom SLJJ

Telkom SLJJ is the communication service in far distance, which is still in same country.

4. Telkom Global 01017

Telkom Global 01017 is an international call to foreign countries both for the customer of fixed telephone and mobile telephone.

5. Flexy Classy

Flexy Classy is a flexy service with pasca payment system.

6. Flexy Home

Flexy Home is a flexy service with payment system, which based on the simcard.

7. Flexi Trendy

Flexy Trendy is a flexy service with payment system, which based on the simcard.

8. Telkomnet Instant (080989999)

Telkomnet Instant (080989999) is a service of internet access without to become customer by using access number 080989999.

9. Speedy

Speedy is an internet service in high speed from Telkom Co.Ltd, which based on technology of Asymmetrical Digital Subscriber line
access. The data communication, voice, and video can be done the same time in the media of access network of telephone line.

10. Nadasela

Nadasela is telephone facility, which can detect every incoming call, and still can be accepted without interrupting the previous conversation.

11. Telkomnet Flexy

Telkomnet Flexy is a telecommunication service with voice (Voice over Internet Protocol/VoIP) and data. The technology is basing on wireless access and using CDMA technology, which enables customers to pay less.

12. Wartel

Telkom also provides public telecommunication services maintained and run by private business or individual owners in cooperation with TELKOM.

13. Telkom Coin

Coin-based public phone (Telepon Umum Coin-TUC) uses one type of coin as an accepted payment for call charge.

14. Fixed Bill Package (PTT)

Fixed Bill Package is one of the Telkom products, which omits subscription.

15. Lacak

Lacak is used to transfer the call step into the order telephone number if it is busy.
16. Sandinada

Sandinada is facility to make a short cut to telephone number becoming one or two digits.

17. CLIP (Calling Line Identification Presentation)

CLIP (Calling Line Identification Presentation) is a facility that used to know the caller identity. The telephone number of the caller can be seen in the screen of the telephone.

1.2 Job Description

The writer did the field practice at Telkom Co.Ltd for two months. The writer was placed in telemarketing place. Telemarketing has two rooms. In the first room there are two telemarketing staffs and one coordinator telemarketing. The writer was placed in the second telemarketing room, in this room there are two telemarketing staffs and six the field practice student include the writer. In doing the duties, the writer was helped by them. In that place, the writer did duty. It is greeting speedy. Greeting Speedy is an effort which is done by Telkom Co.ltd to promote Speedy product to customers by phone. Greeting Speedy is done by telemarketing staffs and field practice students including the writer. The Writer calls about 50 customers every workday. The writer not only calls the customers in Bandar Lampung area but also in all of Lampung area such as South Lampung, East Lampung, Metro, and all of regencies in Lampung. The writer did the greeting to ask the customers whether they have computer or not. If they were still having computer, the writer offered them to use speedy. The writer also gave information about packages of speedy and the advantages of using speedy. Then, if the
customers gave good response, the writer wrote down their data and invited them to visit Telkom Co.Ltd by bringing identity photocopy, and stamp as regulations of registration or the customer can wait the staff from Telkom Co.Ltd to install Speedy and prepare the requirements at home. At May 25th 2011 the writer get 1 customer, her name is Rusmiyati from Tanjung Seneng, Bandar Lampung. The writer gets 25.000 rupiah for fee from Telemarketing coordinator because the writer gets 1 customer.