Analysis of the Economic Sector Transformation Lampung Province Period 2000-2013

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ABSTRACT

Economic transformation is a process of structural change in the economy, marked by a shift from one economic sector to other economic sectors that may affect changes in the Gross Regional Domestic Product of a country or a region. This study aims to determine the transformation of the economic sectors with the shift share method in Lampung province of the Year 2000 - 2013 and prove empirically the effect of the components of aggregate demand: consumption, investment, government spending and net exports to economic growth. The variables used in this study is divided into two sides of the demand side and the supply side. From the demand side variable used is private consumption, investment (domestic investment and foreign investment), government spending, and net exports. While the supply side variables used include agriculture, mining, industry, commerce, finance, electricity and water, buildings, transportation, and services.

Calculation shows that the entire kontribusi economic sectors in Lampung has a positive value or increased, which shows that all sectors of the economy in Lampung experienced growth, with the largest sectors are experiencing an increase in transport and communications sector. The calculation result of three components shift-share result if the effect of the growth of national economy is able to increase the economic growth of Lampung Province. The research proves that the variable consumption, investment, and net exports effect on economic growth in Lampung from 2000 - 2013. While the government spending variables have no effect on economic growth in the province of Lampung.

Keywords: Transformation of Economic Sectors, aggregate demand, aggregate supply, shift-share