## ABSTRACT

## **R**ELATION AMONG GOVERNANCE ACTOR IN WATER RESOURCES CONSERVATION THROUGH UNDERGROUND BIOPORE HOLE (LRB)

(Study empiric in Langkapura district Bandar Lampung)

## By

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Conservation is basically a protection against nature and sentient of his life. The threat of flooding city lampung and the impact of the bad the ability of land absorbs water and at least green open space (GOS) and the need of water resources conservation in the city of lampung. Water resources conservation through building biopore hole (LRB) been done in langkapura district, langkapura district is water catchment area that includes municipalities lampung. Program biopore hole (LRB) involves many stakeholders associated (multistakeholders). This study aims to know and describe relation among governance actor in water resources conservation through underground biopore hole (LRB) (study empiric in langkapura district Bandar Lampung) and obstacles faced in the implementation of this program. The method used is descriptive research type with qualitative methods approach. Data collection techniques in the study documentation in depth interviews in a way as well as the study of librarianship. The result showed that relation among actor governance in the program LRB in langkapura district not work well. This can be viewed through benchmark the attainment of the principle of governance is participation in the implementation of this program in domination by an actor non government as an actor implementer Mitra bentala (LSM), Donor agencies by Mercy Corps and The Rockefeller Foundation. Transparency in public socialization who does not understand the program is still quite a bit, but responsive and government accountability private and public in the manufacture of program LRB went on quite well. In the implementation of the program, there are constraints LRB first internally by the unfulfilled facilities and infrastructure cover LRB and low public participation will program LRB resulting from ignorance. Second, external absence of regulation advocates as perwali and perda, lack of the role of private parties in this program.

Keywords: Partnership, good governance, conservation