ABSTRACT

ANALYSIS OF GOOD GOVERNANCE IMPLEMENTATION ON ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT IN KOTA BANDAR LAMPUANG (CASE STUDY ON BUKIT SUKAMENANTI, KECAMATAN KEDATON, BANDAR LAMPUANG)

By

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The development of Kota Bandar Lampung resulted in various environmental issues. One of them is the hills destruction caused by mining, including Bukit Sukamenanti, Kecamatan Kedaton, Bandar Lampung. A paradigm shift from government towards governance makes the state or the government is not the only actor in solving environmental problems but also the private sector and civil society.

This study emphasizes on the application of the principles of good governance by the respective stakeholders in environmental management in Sukamenanti Hill, Kedaton District, Bandar Lampung. In uncovering this problem researcher use the principles of good governance expressed by Sedarmayanti. This research is a descriptive study with qualitative approach. Data were collected through interviews, observation and documentation. Data analysis was performed with data reduction, data presentation and conclusion/verification.

In this research showed that on the principle of accountability Management and Environmental Control Agency (BPPLH) Bandar Lampung’s accountability to the public remains low. On the principle of transparency, access and public scrutiny of environmental management policies are still low, although already there is a mechanism of checks and balances between the BPPLH and Commission III of DPRD Bandar Lampung. On the principle of participation already found the involvement of communities and NGOs in solving the problems in Sukamenanti Hill. On the principle of the rule of law is still not found an adequate policy regarding hill management in Bandar Lampung. It can be concluded that the application of the principles of good governance by the respective stakeholders is still not good.

Keywords: Good Governance, Living Environment