

## Abstract

Recording the number of people in Lampung province come through the difference between Statistical Cent Agency (BPS) with the government of the province of Lampung. At BPS recorded a population in 2010 as of 7,608,405 persons, while the Lampung provincial government through the Bureau of Public Governance (Tapum) Lampung provincial population in 2010 as 8,763,476 people. Each distinction in a very large population reached 1,155,071 souls difference shows demographic data in Lampung Province inaccurate. The accuracy of population data would be obtained if the record number of people came from the government under the village, where the village government in the provision of services directly in contact with the public. This thesis examines "Administrative Services Model Residential in The Way Kanan District (Studies in villages in the Negeri Agung Sub-District)".

This research aims to ascertain the model of administrative services towards rural population in the Negeri Agung Sub-District .The method used by the researcher is explorative method with an inductive approach. Explorative research is a study aimed to explore extensively on the causes or matters that affect the occurrence of something. Data collection techniques used in this study is the researcher interviews, documentation and observation.

The conclusion of this research is a model of administrative services in the Negeri Agung Sub-District population is still in the traditional patterns of service provided to the community more family-oriented, primarily administrative services the rural of population. Although it is still a traditional services there are some personality who have a prominence in others, the cause was a pattern in the management of administrative services in the rural population in the Negeri Agung Sub-District has not done in a transparent manner. For future there will be a transition / friction administrative service population of the traditional service patterns to the patterns of modern services through electronic-based population administration.