

ABSTRACT

ENVIRONMENTAL DESCRIPTION OF FISHERMEN'S NEIGHBORHOOD IN COASTAL AREA, KANGKUNG VILLAGE, DISTRICT OF BUMI WARAS, BANDAR LAMPUNG CITY 2015

By

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This research is purposed to describe the neighborhood of fishermen by emphasizing the study at the physical condition of house, a source of clean water for daily needs, sewage disposal, destruction process of household waste, waste water disposal, and the fishermen knowledge about environmental health. This research used descriptive method in which 908 of householder is taken as a population. Probability area techniques with a slovin formula is used as a sample withdrawal, in which 10% of the population or for about 90 of householder were enchanced by proportion techniques in each region. In collecting the data, the researcher used structured interview techniques, documentation, and observation techniques. For analysis, the researcher used percentage analysis techniques. The results of the research shows, than (1) the physical condition of the house of fishermens are not healthy because the parameters of building materials, the density of occupants, air vents and windows do not meet health requirements (2) water sources used fishermen mostly from water taps (PDAM), the status of the commons, and qualified physically healthy water (3) sewage disposal/latrine is not healthy because most fishermen used a type of pit latrine without place holdea for feces (4) disposal of household waste is not healthy because most fishermen dispose of wastes directly into the sea (5) wastewater disposal sites used fishermen un healthy because wastewater directly discharged into the sea (6) the fishermens's knowledge about environmental health is high, but the fishermen are not applying knowledge.

Key word : Coastal areas, fisherman, and neighborhood.