

## **ABSTRACT**

### **POOR RICE DISTRIBUTION POLICY ANALYSIS (CASE STUDY: SUKABUMI INDAH VILLAGE, SUKABUMI DISTRICT, BANDAR LAMPUNG)**

**By**

**Bagus Barmansyah Effendi**

Distribution of subsidized rice for poor communities aimed at reducing the burden of household expenditure Target Beneficiaries. In addition, the program Poor Rice intended to improve access of the poor in meeting basic food needs as one of society's basic rights. This is one of the programs both national and local governments that are important in improving national food security.

In practice the government has set a good indication of a technical nature as well as guide the implementation so that the distribution Poor Rice accordance with the principle of covering the target accuracy, timeliness, accuracy, quantity, price accuracy, and precision quality. Issues raised in this paper is "Does the implementation Poor Rice distribution in Sukabumi Indah village, Sukabumi District, Bandar Lampung effective when seen from the indicators on target, on time, right price, right quantity, right quality."

The purpose of this paper is to evaluate the accuracy of the target groups, and timeliness, accuracy, quantity, accuracy of the rice price, quality and accuracy in execution Poor Rice distribution using primary data through questionnaires and interviews of officials and community Household Target Beneficiaries.

Based on survey results revealed Poor Rice distribution in Sukabumi Indah village in terms of effective targeting accuracy with the achievement of 78.94%, effective with the timeliness of achieving 77.78%, accuracy rates are less effective with the achievement of 52.78%, effective with the achievement of accuracy the number 68, 06%, effective with the achievement of quality precision 77.31%.

Reviewed in terms of overall targeting accuracy, timeliness, accuracy rates, the accuracy of the quantity, quality and accuracy of the average percentage of achievement of 74.95% which means the distribution of categorized Poor Rice effective in its execution.

Distribution of benefits from this Poor Rice looks can ease the burden of the need for rice, in fact occur indirectly transfer income in kind to the Household Target Beneficiaries IDR 45000 per month in the year 2009 with a redemption price of rice is redeemed by the Household Target Beneficiaries for IDR 2000/kg for the purchase of 15 kg per month, These results obtained from the total expenditure for the purchase of 15kg of rice similar Poor Rice multiplied by the price of rice in the market that is similar Poor Rice (15kg x IDR 5000 results IDR 75.000), deducting the total expenditure to 15 kg Poor Rice multiplied by the cost of redemption in the field Poor Rice (15kg x IDR 2000 results IDR 30.000) so that the income transfer can be calculated IDR 75.000– IDR 30.000 the result is worth IDR 45.000, This program can help feed costs, and school fees. So that recommendations for the distribution is necessary to proceed Poor Rice. If only poor rice distribution can be run in accordance with the general guidelines of poor rice price IDR 1600/kg would certainly benefit larger worth IDR 51.000. Therefore, the government hopes to Bandar Lampung to be able to bear the cost of replacing workers wages, postage and so on through the Local Government Revenues and Expenditures and distribution of poor rice can be run as an assessment of General Guidelines for poor rice that is equal IDR 1600/kg, Beneficiary Households that are no longer charged an additional fee of IDR 400/ kg.