

ABSTRACT

DEVELOPMENT EXPENDITURE ANALYSIS, VALUE OF INVESTMENT AND MANPOWER TO SMALL INDUSTRIAL SECTOR INDUSTRIAL SECTOR GROWTH IN DISTRICT ITS MIDDLE YEARS 2004-2008

By

ANDRI KURNIAWAN

Aims to achieve regional autonomy so that local independence-free areas to organize themselves without any central government interference. To support the economic development of a region other than receiving elements are another important element in the budgets of government spending. Government expenditure is divided into routine expenditure and development expenditure. Routine expenditure is more consumer spending, while development expenditure is productive. This is the cause of development expenditure, better known as government investment, because it is used to finance the productive sectors in an area. This study aims to determine: (1) the development of industrial sector development expenditure, (2) development of small industrial sector, investment value, (3) development of small industrial sector workers in Central Lampung District, and (4) growth in the industrial sector.

Analysis tools used in this study is descriptive and qualitative, using secondary data in the period 2004-2008. Based on the analysis and discussion can be detected an increase in GDP during the years 2004-2008 the industrial sector, with an average growth of 5.68% per annum, the highest growth occurred in the year 2007 amounted to 6.74%. This is complemented by: (1) Development of Central Lampung District Government expenditure during the year 2004-2008 has increased by an average of 28.26% annual growth in 2006 highest amounted to 100.12%, (2) The development of small industries sector investment in Central Lampung District in 2004-2008 with average growth of 7.57% per annum, the highest in the year 2007 amounted to 13.98%, (3) The development workers absorbed in the small industrial sector, the Central Lampung District in 2004-2008 with average growth of 5.39% per annum, the highest in the year 2007 amounted to 8.22%.