This study aims to know the level of economic growth disparities between districts/cities in Lampung province, knowing Typologi classification of each county/city in the province of Lampung, and to know the factors that cause the disparity of economic growth and determine the growth rate of each district/city in the province of Lampung. The data used in this study is secondary data and using several analytical tools that Typologi Klassen, Williamson index and the rate of economic growth.

The results showed that there Typologi Klassen Classification Based on 2 districts that fall into the category of relatively left behind East Lampung and the Waykanan. While districts/cities included in the classification of advanced and fast-growing area, growing fast and advanced but depressed. Seen from Williamson Inequality Index Growth Rate disparities among districts/municipalities in the province of Lampung included in the lower level, with an average coefficient of 0.124 Williamsonya Index. Judging from the rate of economic growth, the city of Bandar Lampung ranks first with an average economic growth rate by 6.46% over the last 6 years, and the South Lampung regency is the most low economic growth by an average of 1.93% in last 6 years.

Keywords: Trade off, Gap, Human Development Oriented, Provit Oriented