

## **ABSTRACT**

# **PREPARATION AND CHARACTERISATION OF Ni<sub>0,6</sub>Fe<sub>2</sub>Co<sub>0,4</sub>O<sub>4</sub> NANOCATALYST FOR REACTION HYDROGENATION CATALYTIC OF CO<sub>2</sub>**

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In this study, nano catalyst Ni<sub>0,6</sub>Fe<sub>2</sub>Co<sub>0,4</sub>O<sub>4</sub> has been prepared by sol gel – freeze dry method using pectin as an emulsifying agent, and then the sample was subjected to calcination treatment and subsequently characterized using the techniques of X-ray diffraction (XRD), Rietveld and Scherrer Methods, FTIR, PSA and SEM analysis. Its catalytic activity was tested for CO<sub>2</sub>/H<sub>2</sub> conversion to alcohol at a temperature of 200 - 400°C. The results of XRD characterization indicated that Ni<sub>0,6</sub>Fe<sub>2</sub>Co<sub>0,4</sub>O<sub>4</sub> calcined at 600°C materials consist of three crystalline phases which are Fe<sub>2</sub>NiO<sub>4</sub>(25.3%), Fe<sub>3</sub>O<sub>4</sub> (51.5%), and CoFe<sub>2</sub>O<sub>4</sub> (23.2%). The results of size analysis using both Scherrer method and SEM show that the size of the catalyst is in the range of 11,8 – 22,0 nm. Then, particle size analyzer (PSA) proved that particle size distribution is in the range of 0-2%. Catalytic activity tests showed that Ni<sub>0,6</sub>Fe<sub>2</sub>Co<sub>0,4</sub>O<sub>4</sub> nanocatalysts are active. Product analysis using gas chromatography indicates that the Ni<sub>0,6</sub>Fe<sub>2</sub>Co<sub>0,4</sub>O<sub>4</sub> nanocatalyst calcined at 600°C is the most active for conversion of CO<sub>2</sub>/H<sub>2</sub> at a reaction temperature of 200 °C and propanol yield is 53134.83 ppm.

Keywords; nano catalysts, pectin, , sol gel – freeze dry, alcohol

## **ABSTRAK**

### **PREPARASI DAN KARAKTERISASI NANOKATALIS $\text{Ni}_{0,6}\text{Fe}_2\text{Co}_{0,4}\text{O}_4$ UNTUK REAKSI HIDROGENASI KATALITIK $\text{CO}_2$**

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Pada penelitian ini telah dibuat nanokatalis  $\text{Ni}_{0,6}\text{Fe}_2\text{Co}_{0,4}\text{O}_4$  dengan metode *sol-gel* dan *freezedry* menggunakan pektin, serta dilakukan uji aktivitas katalitiknya terhadap reaksi konversi ( $\text{CO}_2/\text{H}_2$ ) menjadi alkohol pada suhu 200 – 400°C. Hasil karakterisasi katalis setelah kalsinasi 600 °C menunjukkan terbentuknya 3 fasa kristalin yaitu  $\text{Fe}_2\text{NiO}_4$  (25,3%),  $\text{Fe}_3\text{O}_4$  (51,5%), dan  $\text{CoFe}_2\text{O}_4$  (23,2%). Hasil analisis ukuran XRD menggunakan persamaan *Scherrer* dan analisis menggunakan SEM menunjukkan ukuran katalis pada rentang 118 - 220 nm. Hasil analisis ukuran distribusi partikel menggunakan PSA menghasilkan katalis berskala nanometer pada rentang 0 - 2 %. Hasil uji aktivitas katalitik menunjukkan bahwa katalis  $\text{Ni}_{0,6}\text{Fe}_2\text{Co}_{0,4}\text{O}_4$  aktif dan memiliki selektifitas yang tinggi. Analisis menggunakan kromatografi gas menunjukkan bahwa katalis  $\text{Ni}_{0,6}\text{Fe}_2\text{Co}_{0,4}\text{O}_4$  pada suhu kalsinasi 600°C dengan suhu reaksi 200 °C paling aktif terhadap konversi  $\text{CO}_2/\text{H}_2$  menghasilkan propanol yaitu 53134,83 ppm.

Kata kunci ; nanokatalis, pektin, PSA, *Scherrer*, *solgel-freezedry*, SEM