

ABSTRAK

PENYELESAIAN PERSAMAAN TELEGRAF DENGAN METODE TRANSFORMASI DIFERENSIAL

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Persamaan diferensial parsial tak linear berbentuk $\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial t^2} + \alpha \frac{\partial u}{\partial t} + \beta u = \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} + \psi(x, t)$ dikenal dengan persamaan Telegraph dengan $\alpha, \beta \in R$, $\psi : R \times R \rightarrow R$ dan $u : R \times R \rightarrow R$ adalah fungsi tidak diketahui. Setelah diberikan nilai awal dan syarat batas, selanjutnya dicari solusi eksaknya. Konsep metode transformasi diferensial yaitu menyelesaikan permasalahan linear atau tak linear seperti dalam masalah rangkaian listrik, lalu mengembangkan metode penyelesaian persamaan diferensial parsial dan aplikasinya. Penyelesaian persamaan Telegraph dengan metode transformasi diferensial dilakukan dengan mentransformasikan persamaan Telegraph sesuai sifat-sifat transformasi persamaan diferensial.

Kata Kunci : Persamaan Diferensial, Persamaan Telegraph, Metode Transformasi Diferensial

ABSTRACT

SOLVING TELEGRAPH EQUATION WITH DIFFERENTIAL TRANSFORMATION METHOD

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The non linear partial differential equation $\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial t^2} + \alpha \frac{\partial u}{\partial t} + \beta u = \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} + \psi(x,t)$

known as Telegraph equation where $\alpha, \beta \in R$, $\psi : R \times R \rightarrow R$ and $u : R \times R \rightarrow R$ is unknown function. After knowing initial and boundary conditions, then finding the function as known exact solution. Differential transformation method is used to solve linear or non linear problems such as in electrical circuit problem, then applied to partial differential equation method with its application. Solving telegraph equation with differential transformation method by transforming telegraph equation using the differential equation operations.

Keyword : Differential Equation, Telegraph Differential Equation, Differential Transformation Method.