

**ABSTRACT**

**ANALYSIS OF  
STATE SENIOR HIGH SCHOOL DISTRIBUTION  
IN PRINGSEWU REGENCY  
2017**

**By**

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This research investigated about: (1) The distribution pattern of state senior high school (*SMA Negeri*) in Pringsewu District. (2) The accessibility of state senior high schools in Pringsewu District. (3) comparison of population senior high school with the number of classrooms for each state senior high school in Pringsewu District. This research applied survey research method. The subjects of this research were 10 state senior high schools in Pringsewu District. The objects of this research distribution, accessibility and comparison of population senior high school with the number of classrooms for each state senior high school in Pringsewu District. Data collecting technique in this research were observation and documentation. Data analysis in this research employed: (1) The nearest neighbor analysis. (2) Percentage Table. (3) Formula comparison of population senior high school with the number of senior high school classrooms. Based on results of this research, it was known that (1) The distribution pattern of state senior high schools in Pringsewu District was random. (2) Accesibility from

home to senior high schools in Pringsewu District using motorcycles and city transport is easily categorized . (3) Comparison of classrooms in Pringsewu District is more than enough. Based on the calculation,the minimum requirement of the classroom is 547, and the number of existing classrooms is 561 classrooms.

Key Words: mapping, school, accesibility

## **ABSTRAK**

### **ANALISIS SEBARAN SMA NEGERI DI KABUPATEN PRINGSEWU TAHUN 2017**

**Oleh**

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Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk mengkaji: (1) sebaran SMA Negeri di Kabupaten Pringsewu. (2) Aksesibilitas SMA Negeri di Kabupaten Pringsewu. (3) Perbandingan antara jumlah penduduk usia sekolah menengah dengan jumlah ruang kelas sekolah menengah di Kabupaten Pringsewu. Metode penelitian yang digunakan adalah metode penelitian survei. Subjek penelitian ini adalah 10 SMAN di Kabupaten Pringsewu. Objek penelitian ini yaitu sebaran, aksesibilitas dan perbandingan antar jumlah penduduk usia SMA dengan jumlah ruang kelas SMA di Kabupaten Pringsewu. Pengumpulan data dilakukan dengan teknik observasi dan dokumentasi. Analisis dalam penelitian ini menggunakan: (1) Analisis tetangga terdekat. (2) Tabel Persentase. (3) Rumus Perbandingan jumlah penduduk dengan jumlah ruang kelas sekolah menengah. Hasil penelitian ini adalah (1) pola sebaran SMA Negeri di Kabupaten Pringsewu adalah random (acak). (2) Aksesibilitas dari rumah menuju SMA Negeri di Kabupaten Pringsewu menggunakan sepeda motor dan angkutan kota dikategorikan mudah. (3) Perbandingan ruang kelas di Kabupaten Pringsewu lebih 14 ruang kelas, hal ini

didasarkan perhitungan, yaitu kebutuhan minimum ruang kelas di Kabupaten Pringsewu adalah 547 ruang kelas, dan jumlah ruang kelas yang ada adalah 561 ruang kelas.

Kata Kunci: pemetaan, sekolah, aksesibilitas