

ABSTRACT

MUHAMMADIYAH DIPLOMACY IN CENTRAL VORTEX MINDANAO CONFLICT SOUTHERN PHILIPPINES

By

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Mindanao conflict in Southern Philippines is an internal conflict between the central government (Philippines's Government) and the region (Bangsa Moro in Mindanao). Muhammadiyah's involvement in the *International Contact Group* (ICG) for the Mindanao conflict in Southern Philippines in order to build peace is done by diplomacy. Muhammadiyah diplomacy has been succeeded in delivering the conflicting parties in the peace deal, named a *framework of agreement* 2012. This study aims to: (a) Describe the chronology of conflict in Mindanao; (b) Describe and analyze the Muhammadiyah diplomacy; (c) Describe and analyze the Muhammadiyah problems of diplomacy. The research method used is a descriptive study with a qualitative approach. Collecting data was through interviews, documentary studies, and literature.

The results of this study: (1) The chronology is divided into the Mindanao conflict; history of conflict, internationalization of the conflict, conflict resolution failure, ICG involvement, and to achieve a *framework of agreement* 2012 (2) Muhammadiyah diplomacy managed to reach a *framework agreement* 2012 through the steps; creating mutual confidence, seeks to clarify the problem, creating a mutual understanding, to encourage the parties to formulate and agree on the priority order of the problem and understand the level of necessary, and seeks to implement the resolution. (3) Problems of Muhammadiyah diplomacy, namely; complexity of the interests of each actor, authority problems, the lack of a representative of the Muhammadiyah, and limited financial capacity.

Keywords: Internal Conflict, Conflict Resolution, Diplomacy Step