

ABSTRAK

PENGEMBANGAN LKS BERBASIS INKUIRI UNTUK MENUMBUHKAN KETERAMPILAN GENERIK SAINS SISWA PADA MATERI FLUIDA STATIS

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Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk mengembangkan LKS berbasis inkuiiri yang menarik, manfaat dan efektif dalam menumbuhkan KGS. Desain pengembangan menggunakan tujuh langkah penelitian Borg & Gall (1983) meliputi penelitian dan pengumpulan data, perencanaan, pengembangan draf produk, uji coba lapangan awal, revisi hasil uji coba, uji coba lapangan, penyempurnaan hasil produk. Validasi produk mencakup validasi materi, desain dan isi menggunakan angket. Subjek uji coba adalah guru dan siswa salah satu SMA N di Lampung Timur. Hasil validasi desain sebesar 76%, dan isi sebesar 76% LKS masuk dalam kategori tinggi, sehingga dapat dinyatakan bahwa LKS layak untuk digunakan. Hasil uji lapangan menunjukkan LKS berbasis inkuiiri dapat menumbuhkan keterampilan generik sains siswa pada materi fluida statis. Respon guru dan siswa terhadap hasil pengembangan sebesar 78% masuk kategori sangat menarik dan 78% sangat bermanfaat. Hasil uji efektifitas diketahui nilai *posttest* sebesar 80

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lebih tinggi dari rerata nilai *pretest* sebesar 43. Dengan demikian produk yang telah dikembangkan berupa LKS berbasis inkuiiri efektif untuk menumbuhkan keterampilan generik sains siswa.

Kata kunci: Lembar Kerja Siswa, Inkuiiri, Keterampilan Generik Sains

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ABSTRACT

THE DEVELOPMENT OF INQUIRY-BASED LKS TO GROW THE SKILLS OF STUDENT GENERIC SCIENCE ON STATIC FLUID MATERIAL

By

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This study aims to develop an inquiry-based LKS that is attractive, beneficial and effective in growing KGS. The development design using the seven research steps of Borg & Gall (1983) includes research and data collection, planning, product draft development, initial field trials, revision of test results, field trials, product improvements. Product validation includes material validation, design and content using questionnaires. The test subject is teacher and student of one of SMA N in Lampung Timur. The design validation results are 76%, and the contents of 76% of the worksheets are in the high category, so it can be stated that the worksheet is eligible to be used. Field test results show that inquiry-based LKS can generate students' generic science skills on static fluid materials. The teacher and student response to the development outcome of 78% is very attractive and 78% very useful. The results of the effectiveness test revealed that the posttest value of 80 was higher than the average pretest score of 43. Thus the products that had been developed in the form of inquiry-based worksheets were effective to foster students' generic science skills.

Keywords: Student Worksheet, Inquiry, Generic Science Skills