

ABSTRACT

RELATIONSHIP OF THE LEVEL OF EDUCATION OF THE TURNOUT AT THE ELECTION OF THE MAYOR AND DEPUTY MAYOR IN 2010 IN BANDAR LAMPUNG

(Study in Kelurahan Palapa Kecamatan Tanjung Karang Pusat)

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This research deals with the relationship of educational level of turnout at the election of the Mayor and Deputy Mayor in Bandar Lampung. The purpose of this research is to know there is no relationship or educational level of turnout at the election of the Mayor and Deputy Mayor in 2010 in Bandar Lampung.

Population of this research account 3.171 DPT with 248 samples in Palapa. The technique of using simple linier regression analysis of data. Based on the research results obtained correlation between level of education and turnout was 0,047 and $R^2 = 0,11$ that is the magnitude of the relationship of educational level of turnout is 1,1% while the rest 98,9% ia affected by other factors outside of this research. Further analysis in this study regression equations are obtained: $Y = 44,364 + (-0,553)X + 0,4025 = 44,21 X$. It means to increase the value of 1 Y is (participation) then X (implementation level of education) must be increased of 44,21. The negative sign on the regression coefficient numbers showed a direct relationship direction.

Based on the hypothesis test using t-test, stating that level education influence significantly to turnout, but but the negative values yield, meaning that the higher the educational level the turnout will be lower. Conversely, if the low level of voter education and public participation will be higher. Expected results of this research can be used as an information and reference to the Government could increase turnout. The suggestion that Regional Head Election organizers can increase public confidence will process in Bnadar Lampung, so that the public can be more active in giving his vote at the ellection of the head of the region.

Keywords: Political Participation and Electoral Dictrics