Check and balances is systems of authority equalization between institution both central government and local government. According acts number 32 in 2004, local government is local government and legislative government. Check and balances systems was meant both of institution in doing self authority are able to produce politics system and local government system democratically.

Problem of research are how check and balances application are in implementation of local government and how implementation checks and balances are between local government and legislative government at Lampung province.

This research used normative juridical and empiric juridical. Data analyzed in this research used qualitative descriptive. Qualitative descriptive analysis was done to describe fact which is consists of arrangement explanations systematically so it will get conclusion easily.

According to result research could be known that Indonesia local government is, according to Acts number 32 in 2004 states pattern of local government and local legislative relations have same authority, because they are the same as the elements of local government. Relationship both of institutions is shown at duty, function, self authority by check and balances principles. Specifically, in establishing of local policy that is local regulation (Perda) and formalize revenue budget expenditure local (APBD).

Implementation of check and balances between local government and legislative government at Lampung province during 2009 – 2014 are not well. Authority practices abuse still occurs during this period. For example, it is not proposed change of formalize revenue budget expenditure local planning (RAPBD)2013 which causes Lampung governor election delayed, so it neglect of people political rights (Local democracy instabilities Lampung).

Key words: Check and Balances, local government, and Legislative