ABSTRACT

MONITORING OF WASTE MANAGEMENT PT. SUGAR LABINTA SOUTH LAMPUNG

BY:

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Continuity of life in this world is based on the quality of the environment itself, therefore it is important for the environment to be preserved, guarded environment in Indonesia with the enactment of Law no. 32/2009. One important feature of the environment is a river resources, in Malangsari village river is the lifeblood of the community as a source for agricultural and farming, but the river cannot be used anymore because of estimation waste pollution of PT. Sugar Labinta, South Lampung. After about 3 years the problem has not been resolved, it is of course related to the implementation of the government of South Lampung monitoring waste disposal in South Lampung regency.

The problem in this study are (1) How is the monitoring of local government in waste management of PT. Sugar Labinta South Lampung? (2) What are the obstacle factors for South Lampung government in monitoring of waste management of PT. Sugar Labinta, South Lampung?. This study uses empirical jurisdiction, by using primary data, secondary data. The procedure of data processing stages of identification, classification of data, editing, systematization of data and qualitatively analyzed descriptively.

The research results revealed that, the monitoring in waste management of PT. Sugar Labinta, namely a) field inspection b) asking for waste regular reports from companies c) waste sample test d) couching e) sanctions. Disincentives to the local governments in the implementation of monitoring, are a) the budget is not effective b) a lack of human resources in the amount of c) Government policies are less strict in enforcing sanctions d) BLHD South Lampung doesn't have a postal complaints e) Not apply the environment minister's regulations well, due to considerations of labor.

Keyword: Monitoring, Waste, River pollution.