ABSTRACT


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This research was meant to find out the influence of government spending (PP), the health sector education sector (PK), and number of poor people (K) against human development index (IPM) in lampung provincial. The data used is data secondary runtun time (time series) during a period of 2003-2012. The testing of hypotheses used with the approach of the classical, the assumption the hypothesis and ordinary least square (ols) by using eviews 4.1.

The analysis of this research showed that the variable government spending the health sector and the education sector influential positive and significant impact on human development index in lampung provincial. While poor people do not affect the number of variables in a significant impact on human development index in lampung provincial. Besides giving the results of this research also can conclude an estimation of some concrete steps that must be conducted by government relating to increase human development to support the quality of human resources especially in the aspect of health education and better community income.

Keywords: The health sector, the expenses of government the education sector, the expenses of government poor population, and the human development index.