

ABSTRAK

PENGEMBANGAN MEDIA VIDEO SIMULASI BERBASIS *DISCOVERY LEARNING* UNTUK MENINGKATKAN HASIL BELAJAR PESERTA DIDIK KELAS XI IPA DI SMA NEGERI 5 BANDAR LAMPUNG

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Abstrak

Integrasi media pembelajaran sangat penting untuk menciptakan meaningful learning di kelas. Stimulasi diberikan untuk memberikan feedback positif dalam meningkatkan hasil belajar peserta didik khususnya pada subjek biologi. Salah satu materi yang sulit dipahami adalah sistem pencernaan makanan pada tubuh manusia, sehingga dibutuhkan inovasi teknologi dalam menyampikannya. Tujuan penelitian meliputi (1) Karakteristik pengembangan media video simulasi sistem pencernaan makanan berbasis *Discovery Learning* untuk meningkatkan hasil belajar; (2) Efektivitas penggunaan media video simulasi sistem pencernaan makanan berbasis *Discovery Learning* untuk meningkatkan hasil belajar; dan (3) Kemenarikan penggunaan media video simulasi sistem pencernaan berbasis *Discovery Learning* untuk meningkatkan hasil belajar peserta didik di SMAN 5 Bandar Lampung. Metode penelitian yang digunakan adalah research and development (R&D) dengan pendekatan campuran. Teknik pengumpulan data seperti kuesioner, tes, pedoman wawancara dan studi dokumentasi. Teknik analisis yang digunakan statistik inferensial dan non inferensial. Hasil penelitian menunjukkan (1) Karakteristik pengembangan produk dilakukan melalui model ADDIE; (2) Penggunaan media video simulasi efektif dalam meningkatkan hasil belajar peserta didik di kelas; (3) Kemenarikan produk dinilai sangat menarik oleh peserta didik. Implikasi penelitian adalah melakukan inovasi media pembelajaran yang sulit dipahami lainnya guna meningkatkan hasil belajar biologi peserta didik.

Kata kunci: *Discovery Learning*, Hasil Belajar Biologi, Media Video Simulasi

ABSTRACT

DEVELOPMENT OF DISCOVERY LEARNING-BASED SIMULATION VIDEO MEDIA TO IMPROVE THE LEARNING OUTCOMES OF CLASS XI SCIENCE STUDENTS AT SMA NEGERI 5 BANDAR LAMPUNG

By
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The integration of learning media has the very important to create meaningful learning in the classroom. This stimulation is given to provide positive feedback in improving student learning outcomes, especially in biology subjects. One of the hard-to-understand materials is the digestive system of food in the human body, so technological innovation is needed in conveying it. The objectives of the study include (1) Characteristics of developing video media simulation of food digestive systems based on Discovery Learning to improve learning outcomes; (2) The effectiveness of using Discovery Learning-based food digestive system simulation media to improve learning outcomes; and (3) The interesting use of Discovery Learning-based digestive system simulation video media to improve student learning outcomes at SMAN 5 Bandar Lampung. Research methods used research and development (R&D) with a mixed approach. Data collection techniques such as questionnaires, tests, interview guidelines and documentation studies. Analysis techniques used inferential and non-inferential statistics. The results showed (1) Product development characteristics through the ADDIE model; (2) The use of simulated video media is effective in improving student learning outcomes in the classroom; (3) The attractiveness of the product in the value is very attractive to students. The implication of the study is to innovate other elusive learning media to improve student biology learning outcomes.

Keywords: *Discovery Learning, Learning Outcomes, Simulated Video Media*