

ABSTRAK

IMPLEMENTASI PROGRAM *SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT GOALS* (SDGs) DALAM PENANGGULANGAN KEMISKINAN DI KOTA BANDAR LAMPUNG

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Pertumbuhan perekonomian di Kota Bandar Lampung mengalami kenaikan dan perkembangan yang pesat sebesar 8,33% dari 1.184.949 total penduduk, tetapi masih terdapat tingginya angka kemiskinan di Kota Bandar Lampung yang cenderung melambat. *Sustainable Development Goals* (SDGs) diharapkan dapat mengentaskan kemiskinan di Kota Bandar Lampung. Indikator *Sustainable Development Goals* (SDGs) yaitu tanpa kemiskinan, tanpa kelaparan, pertumbuhan ekonomi dan pekerjaan yang layak, dan mengurangi kesenjangan. Tujuan penelitian ini untuk mengetahui implementasi program *Sustainable Development Goals* (SDGs) dalam penanggulangan kemiskinan di Kota Bandar Lampung. Metode dalam penelitian ini adalah metode deskriptif dengan pendekatan kualitatif. Hasil penelitian Implementasi *Sustainable Development Goals* (SDGs) dalam menanggulangi kemiskinan menunjukkan bahwa : 1) Standar dan tujuan kebijakan sudah berhasil menerapkan nilai implementasi. 2) Sumber daya kurang berhasil menerapkan nilai implementasi. 3) Disposisi atau sikap para pelaksana cukup berhasil menerapkan nilai implementasi. Program *Sustainable Development Goals* (SDGs) yaitu program keluarga harapan (PKH), program keluarga harapan (PKH) sudah mencapai tujuannya yang tepat objek dan tepat sasaran penerimanya, sehingga dapat memberikan hasil yang baik dalam menanggulangi angka kemiskinan terdapat 34.444 dari total 76.553 rumah tangga dengan status kesejahteraan terendah di Kota Bandar Lampung yang telah memperoleh bantuan Program Keluarga Harapan (PKH). Artinya, sebesar 44.99% rumah tangga dengan status kesejahteraan terendah di Kota Bandar Lampung yang telah menerima bantuan Program Keluarga Harapan (PKH). Maka, kesimpulan pada penelitian ini sudah berhasil menerapkan nilai implementasi kebijakan.

Kata Kunci : Kemsiskinan, Kota Bandar Lampung, *Sustainable Development Goals* (SDGs)

ABSTRACT

PROGRAM IMPLEMENTATION OF SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT GOALS (SDGs) IN POVERTY REDUCTION IN THE CITY OF BANDAR LAMPUNG

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Economic growth in Bandar Lampung City has increased and developed rapidly by 8.33% of the 1,184,949 total population, but there is still a high poverty rate in Bandar Lampung City which tends to slow down. The Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) are expected to alleviate poverty in Bandar Lampung City. The indicators of the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) are no poverty, no hunger, economic growth and decent work, and reducing inequality. The purpose of this study was to determine the implementation of the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) program in poverty alleviation in the City of Bandar Lampung. The method in this study is a descriptive method with a qualitative approach. The results of the research on the Implementation of Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) in alleviating poverty show that: 1) Standards and policy objectives have succeeded in implementing implementation values. 2) Resources are less successful at implementing value implementation. 3) The disposition or attitude of the executors is quite successful in implementing implementation values. The Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) the Family Hope Program (PKH), the Family Hope Program (PKH) has achieved its objectives with the right object and targeted recipients, so that it can provide good results in overcoming poverty there were 34.444 out of a total of 76.553 households that had received the Family Hope Program (PKH) assistance. Meaning, 44.99% of households with the lowest welfare status in the city of Bandar Lampung have received assistance from the Family Hope Program (PKH). Thus, the conclusions in this study were successful in implementing the value of policy implementation.

Keywords: *Poverty, Cities Bandar Lampung, and Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)*