ABSTRACT

THE EFFECT OF EDUCATION LEVEL AND THE AGE OF THE FIRST MARRIAGE AND CONTRACEPTIVE DEVICES TOWARDS OF NUMBER OF CHILDREN BORN ON WOMEN COUPLES OF CHILDBEARING AGE (EFA) IN BUMI SARI VILLAGE DISTRICT NATAR SOUTH LAMPUNG REGENCY YEAR 2014

By

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This study aimed to determine the effect of age at first marriage education level and type of contraceptives to the number of children born alive women of fertile couples in the village Bumi Sari of subdistrict natar south Lampung regency year 2014. The method used in this research is descriptive verification, Population in this study were women who had children EFA least 1 ie 1,411. Sampel in this research were 71 women EFA. Data collection techniques used are documentation and structured interviews and data were analyzed using analysis of simple and multiple linear regression.

Penilitian results showed that 1. there is significant relationship between the level of education on the number of children born alive women couples of childbearing age (EFA) 2. There is a significant relationship between age at first marriage for women the number of children born alive couples of childbearing age (EFA) 3. There significant relationship between the type of contraception to the number of children born alive couples of childbearing age women (EFA) 4. There is a significant relationship between the level of education, age at first marriage and types of contraceptives to the number of children born alive women couples of childbearing age (EFA).

Keywords: Level of Education, Age Married First, Contraceptives, Number Of Children