

ABSTRACT

THE GOVERNMENT ROLE TOWARDS THE EFFORT OF HUMAN RIGHTS MAINTANANCE IN AGRARIAN CONFLICT OF PT BSMI AT MESUJI REGION

(Study at Sritanjung Society, Kagungan Dalam district Tanjung Raya and Nipah Kuning district Mesuji)

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Violations of Human Rights has become an important issue that must be addressed and solved by the government. In the case of human rights violations against the villagers PT.BSMI Sritanjung, Kagungan Dalam and Nipah Kuning Mesuji District, originated from concession (HGU) owned by PT BSMI to manage land residents. The lack of natural resources management in accordance with the AMDAL so that people feel miserable for 17 years. In addition, PT. BSMI not do realization of agreement plasma and welfare of the community. In fact, the company put the state security apparatus equipped weapons coming into conflict that led to the death of one person in the community Kagungan on November 10, 2011.

This is a descriptive study using qualitative methods. The results explain that this conflict raises a fundamental analysis of three aspects, namely Agricultural, Social and Management. Of the three aspects are linked to the facts and reality of the gaps that occur within the community, both vertically and horizontally even with triangular scheme linkages between government, companies and society. This is exactly then raises two important aspects of the human rights approach and the environmental approach.

Two important things produced in this study, the first cause of the conflict or conflicts that led to the issue of human rights, among others: (1) Less specifically the government in determining the boundaries of land pengelolaan authority, (2) the Company Ignoring pejanjian RKL, RPL in the AMDAL documents, (3) understanding and certainty about the law or the rules are different, (4) Behaviour arrogance of the security forces, (5) New Otonami Regional Constraints (DOB) Mesuji District, and (6) Education and the poor economy.

Second, this study resulted in the role of government in efforts to enforce human rights, among others: (1) Role Kesbangpol, (2) the role of government oversight of the treatment of workers, (3) The role of government in fostering the company and the community, and (4) Regulatory Process rejected society.

Keywords: Role of Government, Agrarian Conflict, Human Rights