

## ***ABSTRACT***

### ***THE INFLUENCE OF AUDIT COMMITTEE EFFECTIVENESS IN INCREASING COMPANY PROFITABILITY***

***(Study of BUMN Companies Registered on the IDX for the 2018-2022 Period)***

***By:***

***Muhammad Catur Pamungkas***

*This research aims to empirically prove the influence of the number of audit committees (ACSIZE), audit committee independence (ACINDP), frequency of audit committee meetings (ACMEET), and audit committee competency (ACCOMP) on company profitability (ROA). The subjects of this research are state-owned companies listed on the Indonesia Stock Exchange (BEI). The research method in this research is quantitative research. The sample selection technique used was purposive sampling, and a sample of 20 companies was obtained over a period of 5 years. The data analysis method in this research uses multiple linear regression analysis using IBM SPSS Statistics 23. The results of this research show that ACSIZE, ACINDP, ACMEET, and ACCOMP simultaneously have an influence on ROA. Partially, the number of audit committees (ACSIZE) and audit committee competency (ACCOMP) have a significant positive effect on profitability disclosure. The frequency of audit committee meetings (ACMEET) has a significant negative effect on profitability. Meanwhile, audit committee independence (ACINDP) does not have a significant positive effect on profitability.*

***Keyword:*** Audit Committee, ACSIZE, ACINDP, ACMEET, ACCOMP, Profitability.

## **ABSTRAK**

### **PENGARUH EFEKTIVITAS KOMITE AUDIT DALAM MENINGKATKAN PROFITABILITAS PERUSAHAAN**

**(Studi Pada Perusahaan BUMN yang Terdaftar di BEI Periode 2018-2022)**

**Oleh:**

**Muhammad Catur Pamungkas**

Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk membuktikan secara empiris mengenai pengaruh jumlah komite audit (ACSIZE), independensi komite audit (ACINDP), frekuensi pertemuan komite audit (ACMEET), dan kompetensi komite audit (ACCOMP) terhadap profitabilitas (ROA) perusahaan. Subjek penelitian ini adalah Perusahaan BUMN yang terdaftar di Bursa Efek Indonesia (BEI). Metode penelitian dalam penelitian ini adalah penelitian kuantitatif. Teknik pemilihan sampel yang digunakan yaitu *purposive sampling* dan diperoleh 20 sampel perusahaan dalam kurun waktu 5 tahun. Metode analisis data dalam penelitian ini menggunakan analisis regresi linier berganda dengan menggunakan *IBM Spss Statistic 23*. Hasil pada penelitian ini menunjukkan secara simultan ACSIZE, ACINDP, ACMEET, ACCOMP memiliki pengaruh terhadap ROA. Secara parsial, jumlah komite audit (ACSIZE) dan kompetensi komite audit (ACCOMP) berpengaruh positif signifikan terhadap pengukuran Profitabilitas. Untuk frekuensi pertemuan komite audit (ACMEET) berpengaruh negative signifikan terhadap Profitabilitas. Sedangkan independensi komite audit (ACINDP) tidak berpengaruh positif signifikan terhadap profitabilitas.

Kata Kunci: Komite Audit, ACSIZE, ACINDP, ACMEET, ACCOMP, Profitabilitas.