

IMPLEMENTASI PROGRAM PENDAMPING PENINGKATAN EKONOMI PERTANIAN (PPEP) PADA PANCA USAHATANI PADI SAWAH DI KECAMATAN BELITANG II KABUPATEN OKU TIMUR

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ABSTRAK

Penelitian ini mengkaji implementasi Program Pendamping Peningkatan Ekonomi Pertanian (PPEP) pada penerapan panca usahatani padi sawah di Kecamatan Belitang II, Kabupaten OKU Timur. Program PPEP merupakan inisiatif pemerintah Provinsi Sumatera Selatan untuk mengatasi isu-isu pertanian, dengan tujuan meningkatkan kapasitas dan produktivitas petani serta pemasaran hasil pertanian melalui rekrutmen tenaga pendamping. Hasil penelitian menunjukkan bahwa implementasi program PPEP dalam panca usahatani telah berhasil meningkatkan produktivitas dan pendapatan petani. Panca usahatani meliputi penggunaan bibit unggul, pengolahan lahan, pemupukan, pengendalian hama dan penyakit, serta pengairan. Ditemukan hubungan yang nyata antara penerapan PPEP dengan penerapan panca usahatani padi sawah, serta antara panca usahatani dengan produktivitas dan pendapatan petani. Lokasi penelitian dilaksanakan di wilayah kerja BPP Kecamatan Belitang II atau di Kecamatan Belitang II. Waktu pengambilan data dilaksanakan pada bulan april sampai bulan mei tahun 2025. Reponden berjumlah 64 orang yang tersebar pada 12 kelompok tani. Penelitian ini menggunakan metode survey dengan kuesioner dengan metode analisis data deskriptif kuantitatif dan uji analisis korelasi rank spearman. Hasil penelitian menunjukkan implementasi program PPEP di kecamatan Belitang II dinilai telah berhasil meningkatkan produktivitas dan pendapatan.

Kata kunci: PPEP, Panca Usahatani, Produktivitas Petani, Pendapatan Petani

**IMPLEMENTATION OF THE AGRICULTURAL ECONOMIC
IMPROVEMENT SUPPORT PROGRAM (PPEP) ON THE FIVE PILLARS OF
RICE FARMING IN BELITANG II DISTRICT, EAST OKU REGENCY**

By

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ABSTRAK

This study examines the implementation of the Agricultural Economic Improvement Assistance Program (PPEP) in the application of the five rice farming practices (panca usahatani) in Belitang II Subdistrict, East OKU Regency. The PPEP program is an initiative by the South Sumatra Provincial Government to address agricultural issues, aiming to enhance farmers' capacity and productivity as well as the marketing of agricultural products through the recruitment of agricultural extension workers. The research findings show that the implementation of the PPEP program in the five rice farming practices has successfully improved farmers' productivity and income. The five farming practices include the use of superior seeds, land cultivation, fertilization, pest and disease control, and irrigation. A significant correlation was found between the implementation of PPEP and the application of the five rice farming practices, as well as between the five farming practices and farmers' productivity and income. The research was conducted in the working area of the Agricultural Extension Center (BPP) of Belitang II Subdistrict. Data collection took place from April to May 2025. The respondents consisted of 64 farmers from 12 farmer groups. The study employed a survey method using a questionnaire, with quantitative descriptive analysis and Spearman's rank correlation test as the analytical methods. The results indicate that the implementation of the PPEP program in Belitang II Subdistrict has been successful in increasing both productivity and income of the farmers.

Keywords: PPEP, Five Rice Farming Practices, Farmer Productivity, Farmer Income