

ABSTRAK

IMPLEMENTASI PROGRAM KETAHANAN PANGAN DANA DESA (STUDI KAMPUNG BUMI DIPASENA ABADI, KECAMATAN RAWAJITU TIMUR, KABUPATEN TULANG BAWANG)

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Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk menganalisis implementasi Program Ketahanan Pangan Dana Desa di Kampung Bumi Dipasena Abadi, Kecamatan Rawajitu Timur, Kabupaten Tulang Bawang. Penelitian ini menggunakan pendekatan kualitatif deskriptif dengan teknik pengumpulan data melalui wawancara dan dokumentasi. Teori yang digunakan adalah teori implementasi kebijakan Charles O. Jones, yang mencakup dimensi organisasi, interpretasi, dan aplikasi. Hasil penelitian menunjukkan bahwa implementasi Program Ketahanan Pangan di Kampung Bumi Dipasena Abadi berjalan cukup baik dan efektif. Struktur organisasi pelaksana sudah terbentuk dengan jelas melalui pembentukan Tim Pelaksana Kegiatan (TPK), dan pelaksanaan program dilakukan sesuai dengan Standar Operasional Prosedur (SOP) yang ditetapkan. Program berhasil meningkatkan partisipasi masyarakat, serta disosialisasikan secara efektif melalui musyawarah. Namun demikian, beberapa faktor penghambat ditemukan, seperti, sikap implementor yang tidak memegang teguh prinsip kepatuhan terhadap persyaratan pemberian bantuan, kendala administratif warga terkait dokumen kependudukan, serta hambatan faktor lingkungan seperti surutnya air kanal dan risiko gagal panen. Secara keseluruhan, program ini telah memberikan dampak positif terhadap ketahanan pangan dan ekonomi masyarakat, meskipun perlu adanya penguatan dalam aspek pengelolaan administrasi, serta peningkatan sistem monitoring dan evaluasi agar program dapat berjalan lebih optimal dan berkelanjutan.

Kata Kunci: Implementasi, Program Ketahanan Pangan, Kebijakan, Desa, Partisipasi Masyarakat

ABSTRACT

IMPLEMENTATION OF VILLAGE FUND FOOD SECURITY PROGRAM (STUDY OF BUMI DIPASENA ABADI VILLAGE, RAWAJITU TIMUR DISTRICT, TULANG BAWANG REGENCY)

By

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This study aims to analyze the implementation of the Village Fund Food Security Program in Bumi Dipasena Abadi Village, Rawajitu Timur District, Tulang Bawang Regency. This study uses a descriptive qualitative approach with data collection techniques through interviews and documentation. The theory used is Charles O. Jones' policy implementation theory, which includes dimensions of organization, interpretation, and application. The results of the study indicate that the implementation of the Food Security Program in Bumi Dipasena Abadi Village is running quite well and effectively. The organizational structure of the implementer has been clearly formed through the formation of the Activity Implementation Team (TPK), and the implementation of the program is carried out in accordance with the established Standard Operating Procedure (SOP). The program has succeeded in increasing community participation through mutual cooperation and social supervision, and has been effectively socialized through deliberation and social media. However, several inhibiting factors were found, such as budget limitations, administrative obstacles for residents related to population documents, and environmental obstacles such as receding canal water and the risk of crop failure. Overall, this program has had a positive impact on food security and the community's economy, although there needs to be strengthening in terms of administrative management, expanding funding sources, and improving the monitoring and evaluation system so that the program can run more optimally and sustainably.

Keywords: *Implementation, Food Security Program, Policy, Village, Community Participation*