

ABSTRAK

PENERAPAN MODEL PEMBELAJARAN *PROBLEM BASED LEARNING* BERBANTUAN *ARTICULATE STORYLINE* TERHADAP KEMAMPUAN PEMECAHAN MASALAH PESERTA DIDIK PADA PEMBELAJARAN IPAS KELAS IV

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Masalah rendahnya kemampuan pemecahan masalah peserta didik dalam pembelajaran IPAS kelas IV sekolah dasar menjadi fokus utama dalam penelitian ini. Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk mengetahui penerapan model pembelajaran *Problem Based Learning* berbantuan *Articulate Storyline* terhadap kemampuan pemecahan masalah peserta didik kelas IV. Penelitian ini menggunakan pendekatan kuantitatif dan *one group pretest-posttest design*. Populasi penelitian ini yaitu seluruh peserta didik kelas IV yang berjumlah 26 peserta didik. Teknik pengambilan sampel yang digunakan adalah *non-probability sampling* dengan jenis sampling jenuh yang menjadikan seluruh anggota populasi sebagai sampel penelitian. Teknik pengumpulan data menggunakan instrumen tes kemampuan pemecahan masalah berbentuk uraian dan instrumen non-tes berbentuk lembar observasi. Pengujian hipotesis menggunakan uji *paired sample t-test*. Hasil penelitian ini diperoleh nilai *Sig. (2-tailed) = 0,000 < 0,05*, maka H_a diterima artinya terdapat penerapan model pembelajaran *Problem Based Learning* berbantuan *Articulate Storyline* terhadap kemampuan pemecahan masalah peserta didik pada pembelajaran IPA kelas IV SD Negeri 2 Palas Jaya.

Kata kunci: Articulate Storyline, pemecahan masalah, problem based learning

ABSTRACT

THE IMPLEMENTATION OF THE PROBLEM-BASED LEARNING MODEL ASSISTED BY ARTICULATE STORYLINE ON STUDENTS' PROBLEM-SOLVING SKILLS IN FOURTH-GRADE IPAS LEARNING

By

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The problem of low problem-solving ability among fourth-grade students in IPAS learning became the main focus of this study. This research aimed to determine the implementation of the Problem-Based Learning model assisted by Articulate Storyline on the problem-solving abilities of fourth-grade students. The study employed a quantitative approach with a one-group pretest–posttest design. The population consisted of all fourth-grade students, totaling 26 learners. The sampling technique used was non-probability sampling with a saturated sampling method, in which all population members were included as research samples. Data were collected using a problem-solving ability test in the form of essay items and a non-test instrument in the form of an observation sheet. Hypothesis testing was conducted using the paired sample t-test. The results showed that the Sig. (2-tailed) value was $0.000 < 0.05$, therefore H_a was accepted, indicating that the implementation of the Problem-Based Learning model assisted by Articulate Storyline improved the problem-solving abilities of fourth-grade students in IPAS learning at SD Negeri 2 Palas Jaya.

Keyword: Articulate Storyline, problem based learning, problem-solving