

ABSTRACT

FACTORS AFFECTING PREGNANCY WOMEN IN PREGNANT HEALTH INSPECTION VISIT IN PUSKESMAS RAWAT INAP PANJANG BANDAR LAMPUNG

By

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In Indonesia, maternal mortality was still a major problem in the health sector. Until now, Maternal Mortality Rate (MMR) in Indonesia occupies top spot in ASEAN countries, about 228 per 100,000 live births (IDHS, 2007). The high maternal mortality rate in Indonesia was related to many factors, including the quality of the behavior of pregnant women who do not take advantage of Antenatal Care (ANC) on health care, so that she had high-risk pregnancy.

Objective of this research was to get correlation between knowledge, maternal attitudes, health personnel attitudes, and affordability of antenatal visits in health centers Inpatient Length of Bandar Lampung.

This research was descriptive analytic with cross-sectional approach. The samples were all pregnant who visiting Puskesmas Rawat Inap Panjang Bandar Lampung totaling 188 responden with cluster Accidental Sampling that fulfilled the inclusion criteria with the level of significance (α) = 0,05. Data analysis using the *Chi Square* test and *Spearman*.

Analysis showed (the dependent variable) prenatal visits related to (independent variables) the attitude of pregnant women ($p= 0.001$) and affordability ($p = 0.011$), whereas that is not related knowledge ($p= 0.515$) and attitude of health workers ($p = 1.000$).

Keywords : Knowledge, Maternal Attitude, Health Personnel attitude, Affordability and Inspection Visits Pregnancy.