

## **ABSTRAK**

### **KEBERLANJUTAN BERTANI ORGANIK: PERSPEKTIF PETANI SAYUR ORGANIK (STUDI KASUS DI DESA BUMI JAYA, LAMPUNG SELATAN)**

**Oleh**

**Putri**

Penelitian ini bertujuan menggambarkan aspek-aspek pertanian berkelanjutan—meliputi aspek ekologi, ekonomi, dan sosial—dari praktik bertani sayur organik berdasarkan perspektif petani pelakunya. Penelitian menggunakan pendekatan kualitatif dengan metode studi kasus pada Kelompok Wanita Tani (KWT) Mawar Bodas di Desa Bumi Jaya, Kecamatan Candipuro, Kabupaten Lampung Selatan. Data dikumpulkan melalui observasi dan wawancara mendalam dengan informan yang terlibat langsung. Hasil penelitian menunjukkan bahwa praktik pertanian sayur organik di Desa Bumi Jaya memiliki karakteristik berkelanjutan, meskipun jumlah pelakunya masih terbatas. Secara ekologis, praktik ini mendukung konservasi sumber daya dan penyediaan layanan ekosistem. Dari sisi ekonomi, kegiatan ini dinilai layak karena adanya perantara pemasaran yang menampung hasil panen dengan harga premium. Secara sosial, pertanian organik diterima dengan baik oleh masyarakat, terlihat dari pandangan positif warga serta rasa bangga petani dalam menghasilkan produk yang sehat dan ramah lingkungan. Temuan ini menunjukkan bahwa praktik pertanian sayur organik di tingkat lokal berpotensi mendukung sistem pertanian yang berkelanjutan.

**Kata kunci:** pertanian organik; keberlanjutan pertanian; petani kecil; sayuran organik; perspektif petani.

## **ABSTRACT**

### **SUSTAINABILITY OF ORGANIC FARMING: THE PERSPECTIVE OF ORGANIC VEGETABLE FARMERS (CASE STUDY IN BUMI JAYA VILLAGE, LAMPUNG)**

**By**

**Putri**

*This research aims to describe the aspects of sustainable agriculture—including ecological, economic, and social aspects—of organic vegetable farming practices based on the perspective of the perpetrator farmers. The research uses a qualitative approach with a case study method on the Mawar Bodas Women Farmers Group (KWT) in Bumi Jaya Village, Candipuro District, South Lampung Regency. Data was collected through in-depth observations and interviews with directly involved informants. The results of the study show that the practice of organic vegetable farming in Bumi Jaya Village has sustainable characteristics, although the number of actors is still limited. Ecologically, these practices support the conservation of resources and the provision of ecosystem services. From an economic perspective, this activity is considered feasible because of the existence of marketing intermediaries that accommodate crops at premium prices. Socially, organic farming is well received by the community, as can be seen from the positive views of residents and farmers' pride in producing healthy and environmentally friendly products. These findings suggest that organic vegetable farming practices at the local level have the potential to support sustainable farming systems.*

**Keywords:** *organic farming; agricultural sustainability; smallholder farmers; organic vegetables; farmer perspective.*